Civil Air Patrol 1980 Cessna 172N - N23NJ

Air Plains 180 HP Conversion Serial number 17265685 thru 17271034

Preflight Cabin

-	Chilghit Gabin	
1.	Pilot's Operating Handbo	ok Available
2.	Parking Brake	Set
3.	Hobbs & Tach	Check
4.	Fire Extinguisher	Charged
5.	Squawk Sheet	Check
6.	DocumentsAROW	in airplane
7.	Control/Avionics Lock	Remove
8.	Ignition Switch	Off
9.	Avionics Power Switch	Off
10	. Master Switch	On

Warning

When turning on the master switch, using an external power source, or pulling the propeller through by hand, treat the propeller as if the ignition switch were on. Do not stand, nor allow anyone else to stand, within the arc of the propeller, since a loose or broken wire, or a component malfunction, could cause the propeller to rotate.

	Wing Flaps
12	Quantity Avianias Rower Switch
ı٥.	Avionics Power SwitchOn
14.	Avionics Cooling Fan
	Audibly for Operation
15.	Pitot HeatCheck As Required
16.	LightsCheck
17.	Master SwitchOff
18.	Static Pressure Alternate Source
	ValveOff
19.	Fuel Selector Both

Preflight Empennage

1.	Baggage Door	·Check f	or security
	and lock		

2.	Rudder Gust Lock	Remove
3.	Tail Tie-Down	Disconnec

4.	Control Surfaces	Check
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Preflight Right Wing trailing edge

1.	Flap	Check
2.	Aileron	Check
3	Wingtin & Light	Check

Preflight Right Wing

unobstructed

2.	Main Wheel Tire & Brake.	Check
3.	Fuel Sump	Drain
4.	Fuel Selector Quick-Drain	Valve
		Drain
5.	Fuel QuantityVisua	ally Check

6. Fuel Filler Cap..... Secure, vent

1. Wing Tie Down......Disconnect

Nose

- 1. Engine Oil Dipstick 6-8 Quarts (8 for extended flights)
- 2. Engine Oil Filler Cap. Check Secure
- 3. Fuel Strainer Drain Knob., Pullout to Drain 4. Prop & Spinner......Check

5.	Engine Cooling Ai	r InletsClea	ır
6.	Carburetor Air Filt	ter Chec	k
7.	Nose Wheel, Stru	it & Tire Chec	k
8.	Nose Tie-Down	Disconne	ct
9	Static Source	Check (Left side	٦)

10. WindscreenCheck/Clean

Preflight Left Wing

1.	Main Wheel Tire &	Brake Check
2.	Fuel Sump	Drain
3.	Fuel Quantity	Visually Check
4.	Fuel Filler Cap	Secure
5.	Pitot Tube Cover	Remove
6.	Fuel Vent	Check Clear
7.	Stall Warning	Check
8.	Wing Tie-Down	Disconnect
9.	Landing Lights	Check
10	. Left Wingtip & Lig	htCheck

Preflight Left Wing Trailing Edge

		_	•	
1.	Aileron	 	 	Check
2.	Flap	 	 	Check

PASSENGER BRIEF

- 1. Seat Belts / Shoulder Harness
- 2. Personal Electronic Devices off

A :	1/	10		e
AII	Vents	<i>,</i> c	om,	tort

- 4. Fire Extinguisher Location / Operation
- 5. Emergency Procedures & Exits

MISSION BRIEF

- 1. Mission Objective
- 2. Destination, WX, Route, Alt, ETE
- NOTAMS
- 4. Crew Coordination & CRM
- 5. Sterile Cockpit Procedures
- Cockpit Layout
- 7. Intercom & Radio Usage
- 8. Seats, Seatbelts, Doors
- 9. Emergency Action & Equipment

Before Starting Engine

1.	Preflight Inspection	Complete
2.	Passenger Brief	Complete
3.	Seats / Belts / Shoulde	r Harness
	Ad	just and Lock
4	Avionics Power Switch	Ûff

Caution

The avionics power switch must be **OFF during engine start to prevent** possible damage to avionics.

5.	Circuit Breakers	Check In
6.	Electrical Equipment	Off
7.	Beacon	On
8.	Fuel Selector Valve	Both
9.	Brakes	Test & Set

Carburetor Heat......Cold

Starting Engine 1. Prime.. As Required (2 to 6 strokes)

3. I nrottle	Open 1/8 Inch
4. Mixture	Rich
5. Propeller Area	Clear
6. Master Switch	On
7. Ignition Switch	Start
8. Throttle	800 to 1000 RPM
9. Oil Pressure	Check
10. Starter	.Check Disengaged
11. Nav Lights	On as required
12. Avionics Power	SwitchOn
13. Radios	On
14. Taxi Lights	As Required
15. Flaps	Up
16. Transponder	TEST/STBY
17. ATIS / AWOS	Сору

18.	Altimeter	Set	(Verify	Within	75′	of
	Fld Elev.)					

19.	Clearance Delivery/Ground Contro	ı
	Contac	t

Taxi

1.	Brakes	Test
2.	Heat / Vents / Defrost As Req	uired
3.	Attitude Indicator Verify Pi	oper
	Operation	-

- 4. Turn Coordinator Verify Proper Operation
- 5. H.I. & Compass Verify Proper Operation
- 6. Fuel Selector Valve.. Check & Set to Both

Before Takeoff - Run-Up

Ί.	Parking BrakeSet
2.	Seats / Belts / Shoulder Harness
	Check Secure

- 3. Cabin Doors & Windows..Closed and Locked
- 4. Flight Controls Free & Correct
- 5. Flight Instruments & H.I..... Check & Set
- 6. Fuel QuantityCheck 7. Primer......In and Locked
- 8. Mixture.....Rich 9. Fuel Selector Valve... Recheck Both
- 10. Elevator & Rudder Trim Set for Takeoff
- 11. Throttle......1700 RPM
- 12. Magnetos..Max Drop 125 RPM 50 RPM differential
- 13. Carb Heat......Check for RPM Drop
- 14. Suction GaugeCheck
- 15. Engine Inst & Ammeter......Check 16. Throttle......Idle Check, then 800 to
- 1000 RPM
- 17. Throttle Friction Lock Adjust
- 18. Strobe Lights/Pulse Lights (If installed) As Desired
- 19. Radios / TransponderSet 20. Flaps set for Takeoff0°-10°
- 21. Carb Heat......Cold
- 22. Takeoff Briefing......Complete 23. Doors & Windows Latched
- 24. Lights.....Set
- 25. Transponder..... Set to ALT

26. TimeRecord	Before Landing		Transponder Codes
27. Parking Brake Release	 Seat, Seat Belts, Shoulder Harness 	Securing Aircraft	> 1200VFR
	Secure	Parking BrakeSet	> 7500HIJACK
Takeoff	Fuel Selector ValveBoth	2. ThrottleIdle	> 7600 LOST COMMS
1. Flaps0°-10°	3. MixtureRich	Avionics Power & Switches Off	> 7700EMERGENCY
2. Carb HeatCold	4. Carb HeatOn	4. Magnetos Check for Ground	
3. ThrottleFull Open		5. MixtureIdle Cut Off	Aircraft Information
4. Mixture Full Rich or Max Power	Normal Landing	6. IgnitionOff	Gross Weight Capacity
5. Engine InstrumentsIn Green	1. Airspeed65-75 KIAS (Flaps Up)	7. Master SwitchOff	2550 (Takeoff)2550 (Landing)
6. Rotate 55 KIAS	2. Wing Flaps As Desired (0-10°	8. Control/Avionics LockInstall	EngineLycoming O-360-A4M
7. Climb Speed 75 to 85 KIAS	Below 110 KIAS, 10 -30° Below 85	Parking Brake Off	Max Power180 BHP
Short Field T.O10° Flaps / 57	KIAS)	10. Fuel Selector Left or Right	Max Cont Engine Speed 2540 RPM
KIAS Until Clear	3. Airspeed 60-70 KIAS (Flaps Down)	11. Hobbs & TachRecord	Max Engine Speed2700 RPM
Soft Field T.O10°Flaps / Ground	4. TrimAdjust	12. Aircraft Secured & Locked	Fuel Type100LL (Blue)
Effect ASAP	TouchdownMain Wheel First	13. Flight PlanClosed	Fuel Capacity (Standard). 40 Gal
Wing FlapsRetract (above 70 KIAS)	6. Landing RollLower Nose Wheel		Usable
	Gently	V Speeds and Specs	Oil Type Exxon Elite 20W-50
Enroute Climb	7. BrakingMinimum Required	X-Wind (Max Demo'd)15 Knots	Oil Capacity 8 Qts (Minimum 6)
1. Airspeed75 - 85 KIAS Normal		Vr Rotation Speed55 KIAS	Electrical 24 - 28 Volt / 60 Amp
	Short Field Landing	Vx Best Angle Climb62 KIAS	Tire PressureNose-45 PSI / Main-38
Note	1. Airspeed 65-75 KIAS (Flaps Up)	Vy Best Rate Climb76 KIAS	PSI
If a maximum performance climb is	2. Wing Flaps 30° (below 85 KIAS)	Vso Stall w/ Flaps40 KIAS	
necessary, use speeds shown in the	3. Airspeed Maintain 62 KIAS (Until	Vs1 Stall w/o Flaps50 KIAS	This checklist is a guide to coordinate Pilot
Rate Of Climb chart in POH Section 5.	Flare)	Best Glide (2550 Lbs) 65 KIAS	Operating Handbook and STC data applicable to this particular aircraft only. The applicable
	4. Trim Adjust	Va Max Abrupt Ctrl (2550 Lbs). 105	Pilot Operating Handbook and STC
2. ThrottleFull Open	Power Reduce to idle after	KIAS	installations remain the official documentation
3. Fuel SelectorBoth	clearing obstacle	Va Max Abrupt Ctrl (2150 Lbs) 95	for this aircraft.
4. MixtureFull Rich or Max RPM	5. Touchdown Main Wheels First	KIAS	The pilot in command is responsible for
5. Engine Instruments Check	6. BrakesApply Heavily	Va Max Abrupt Ctrl (1750 Lbs) 85	complying with all items in the Pilot Operating
•	7. Wing FlapsRetract	KIAS	Handbook and applicable STCs.
Cruise	3 1	Vno Max Structural Cruise127	Reviewed by:
1. Power. 2100-2700 RPM (no more than	Balked Landing	KIAS	
75% is recommended)	1. ThrottleFull Open	Vne Never Exceed 158 KIAS	
Elevator TrimAdjust	2. Carb HeatCold	Vfe 10°-Full Flaps85 KIAS	Wing Director of Maintenance Date
3. MixtureLean	3. Wing Flaps 20° (Immediately)	Max Window Open Speed158	
4. Engine Instruments / Fuel Check	4. Climb Speed60 KIAS	KIAS	
Heading Indicator (H.I.).To Compass	5. Wing Flaps 10° (Until Obstacles	V Speeds and Specs are based on sea level.	
6. LightsAs Required	are Cleared)	Consult the Air Plains Services, Corp.	
7. Flight Plan Activate as Required	6. Wing FlapsRetract (After reaching	FAA Approved Airplane Flight Manual Supplement for V speed and Specs for	
	a safe altitude and 65 KIAS)	operations above sea level.	
Descent		General	
Heading Indicator To Compass	After Landing (Clear of Runway)	> EMERGENCY 121.50	
2 Altimeter Set	4. Oad Heat	► Unicom 122.70-122.80-122.05	

Unicom122.70-122.80-122.95

> Multicom 122.90 (CTAF)

> Flight Service......122.20 (Most

> Flight Watch 122.00

> Air to Air.....122.75-122.85-123.45

Common) 122.10-122.60-123.60

123.00-123.05

1. Carb Heat......Cold

2. Wing FlapsUp

3. Lights..... As Required

4. Transponder..... STBY & 1200

5. MixtureLean

6. Pitot Heat Off

2. Altimeter......Set

3. Fuel Selector.....Both

4. LightsAs Required

5. Engine Instruments......Check

6. Mixture Adjust for Smooth

7. Carb Heat....Full Heat as Required

Operation (full rich for idle power)

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

1980 Cessna 172N -N23NJ

Air Plains 180 HP Conversion Serial No. 17265685 to 17271034

Engine Failure During Takeoff Roll

1.	Throttle	ldle
2.	Brakes	Apply
	Flaps	
	Mixture	
5.	Ignition Switch	Off
	Master Switch	

Engine Failure Immediately After Takeoff

	70 KIAS (Flaps	Up)
	65 KIAS (Flaps	Down)
2.	Mixture	.Idle Cut Off
_		~

1. Airspeed

۷.	Mixtureule Gut Off
3.	Fuel SelectorOff
4.	IgnitionOff
5.	Wing Flaps As Required
6.	Master Switch Off

Engine Failure During Flight (Restart)

Airenaad

٠.	All speed 13 MAS
2.	Carb HeatOn
3.	Fuel SelectorBoth
4.	MixtureRich
5.	Ignition Both
	(or START if propeller is
	stopped)
6.	PrimerIn & Locked

75 KIAC

Forced Landing Without Engine Power

r)Wei
1.	Airspeed70 KIAS (Flaps Up)
	65 KIAS (Flaps Down)
2.	Mixture Idle Cut Off
3.	Fuel SelectorOff
4.	IgnitionOff
5.	Wing FlapsAs Required (30°
	Recommended)
6.	Master SwitchOff
7.	DoorsUnlatched
	Prior To Touchdown
8.	Touchdown Slightly Tail Low
9.	Brakes Apply Heavily
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

Precautionary Landing With Engine Power

 Seat belt, and Shoulder
HarnessTighten
2. Wing Flaps20°
3. Airspeed 65 KIAS
4. Select FieldPerform
Fly Over Inspection
5. Avionics & Electrical Switches O
6. Flaps30° on Final Approach
7. Airspeed 65 KIAS
8. Master Switches Off
9. DoorsUnlatched
Prior To Touchdown
10. Touchdown Slightly Tail Low
11. Ignition SwitchOff
12. Brakes Apply Heavily

Engine Fire During Start

١.	Continue Cranking Engil	iie
2.	If Engine Starts:	Power
1700 RPM for a few minutes		
^	Charles Charleton and I	

3.	Engine Shutdov	vn and Inspect
lf	Engine Fails to St	art:
4	Th (1) .	F II O

4.	moune		run Open
5.	Mixture	I	dle Cut Off

6.	Cranking	Continue
7 .	Fire Extinguisher	Obtain
8.	Master/Ignition/Fu	ıel Off
9.	Fire	Extinguish
10). Fire Damage	Inspect

Engine Fire in Flight

2.	Fuel Selector	Off
3.	Master Switch	Off
4.	Cabin Heat & Air	Off
	(Except Overhead Vents)	

1. MixtureIdle Cut Off

- 6. Forced Landing w/o Engine Power..... Execute

Electrical Fire in Flight

- 1. Master Switch......Off (Leave Ignition On)
- 2. Vents/Cabin Air/Heat. Closed
- 3. Fire Extinguisher.....Activate

Warning
After discharging an
extinguisher within a closed
cabin, ventilate the cabin.

4. Avionics Power Switch....Off

5. All Other Switches (Except Ignition)......Off
If fire is extinguished & electrical power is necessary
6. Master Switch...On

Ο.	Master Owiter
7.	Circuit BreakersCheck for
	Faulty circuit (Do Not Reset)

8.	Radio Switches	Off
9.	Avionics Switch	On

- Radio/Electrical Switches on one at a time w/ delay after each to locate short.
- 11. Vent cabin when assured the fire is extinguished

Cabin Fire

- 1. Master SwitchOff (Leave Ignition On)
- 2. Vents/Cabin Air/Heat . Closed
- 3. Fire Extinguisher Activate

Warning After discharging an extinguisher within a closed cabin, ventilate the cabin.

4. Land...As soon as possible and inspect damage

Wing Fire

1.	Landing/Taxi Lights	Off
2.	Pitot Heat	Off
3.	Navigation Lights	Off
4.	Strobe Lights	Off

Note

Sideslip to keep flames away from the fuel tank and cabin, and land as soon as possible using flaps only as required for final approach and touchdown.



Icing

- 1. Pitot Heat.....On
- 2. Turn back or change altitude to obtain an outside air temp that is less conducive to icing.
- Pull cabin heat control to full out and open defroster outlet to obtain maximum windshield defroster airflow.
- 4. Open the throttle to increase engine speed and minimize ice build-up on propeller blades
- 5. Watch for signs of carburetor air filter ice and apply carburetor heat as required. An unexplained loss in engine speed could be caused by carburetor ice or air intake filter ice. Lean the mixture if carb heat is used continuously.
- Plan a landing at the nearest airport. With an extremely rapid ice build-up, select a suitable "off airport" landing site.
- With ice accumulation of ¼ inch or more on the wing leading edges, be prepared for significantly higher stall speed.
- Leave wing flaps retracted. With a severe ice build-up on the horizontal tail, the change in wing wake airflow direction caused by wing flap extension could result in a loss of elevator effectiveness.
- Open left window and if practical scrape ice from a portion of the windshield for visibility in landing approach.
- Perform landing approach using a forward slip, if necessary, for improved visibility.

- 11. Approach at 80 to 90 KIAS depending upon the amount of accumulation.
- 12. Perform a landing in level attitude.

Ditching

- Radio Transmit Mayday on 121.5 giving location and intentions and squawk 7700.
- 2. Heavy Objects..... Secure or Jettison.
- 3. Seat Belt, and Shoulder HarnessTighten
- 4. Approach

High winds, heavy seasInto the Wind.
Light winds, heavy swells
Parallel to swells.

Flaps20° to 30°

6. Power..... Est. a 300 FPM descent at 55 KIAS.

If no power is available, approach at 70 KIAS with flaps up or at 65 KIAS with 10° flaps.

- 7. Cabin Doors Unlatch
- 8. Touchdown Level attitude at established descent rate.
- 9. Face...... Cushion at touchdown with folded coat or seat cushion.
- AirplaneEvacuate through Cabin doors. If necessary, open window and flood cabin to equalize pressure so doors can be opened.
- 11. Life vests and raft Inflate

For all other Emergency Abnormal Procedures.
See the POH Section 3.

Airspeeds for Emergency Operations

Engine Failure After Takeoff:

Wing Flaps Up -- 70 KIAS Wing Flaps Down -- 65 KIAS

Maneuvering Speed:

2550 Lbs – 105 KIAS 2150 Lbs – 95 KIAS 1750 Lbs – 85 KIAS

Maximum Glide:

2550 Lbs – 65 KIAS 2150 Lbs – 62 KIAS 1750 Lbs – 56 KIAS

Precautionary Landing With

Engine Power – 65 KIAS

Landing Without Engine Power:

Wing Flaps Up – 70 KIAS Wing Flaps Down – 65 KIAS

This checklist is a guide to coordinate Pilot Operating Handbook and STC data applicable to this particular aircraft only. The applicable Pilot Operating Handbook and STC installations remain the official documentation for this aircraft.

The pilot in command is responsible for complying with all items in the Pilot Operating Handbook and applicable STCs.

Reviewed by:

Wing Director of Maintenance

Date